

### Quantum logic gate in a silicon quantum dots array

**Context :** Electron spin qubits in silicon form a serious contender for the realization of a large-scale solid-state quantum computer. Solid-state realizations are considered scalable in general, but silicon spin qubits stand out by their extremely long coherence times, compatibility with reliable and reproducible industrial fabrication techniques and the feasibility to integrate classical electronics. Universal electron spin manipulation with excellent fidelities was demonstrated in this system. However, a key challenge for true scalability of silicon quantum computer architectures remains the realization of an extended network of spin Qubits

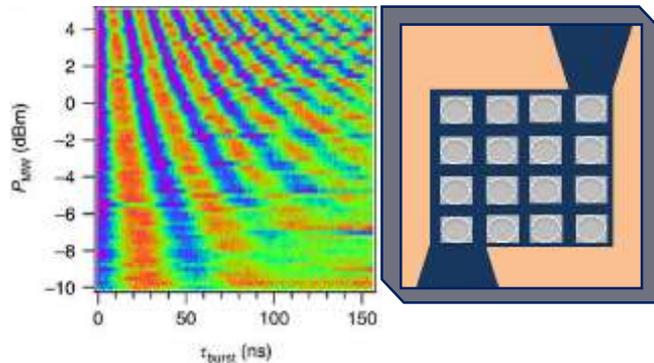


Figure: Single-qubit operation (from Maurand et al. Nat. Comm. 2016) and scheme of an array of quantum dots as an architecture for quantum computing.

**Objectives and means available:** The goal of the project is to design and measure silicon architectures to perform basic quantum operations. More precisely, we will start with two electron spin qubits coupled together in an array of quantum dots. We will investigate how to measure the spin state of such system and how to implement two-Qubit logic gates. The quantum system will be designed in order to be compatible with large scale integration. All the samples will be fabricated at CEA-LETI with a state of the art CMOS facility to enable maximum output and reproducibility. To control and manipulate the electron spin coherently, the applicant will benefit from the long-standing expertise of the Neel-group in AlGaAs based electron spin qubits (computer control, low temperature cryogenics, low-noise electronics, Radiofrequency electronics). ATOS group led by Cyril Allouche will guide the design of the elementary spin qubit brick, with an emphasis on the modelling and simulation of quantum noise in silicon, its consequences on the execution of quantum programs, and its implications on the physical qubit architecture.

**Interactions and collaborations:** This work is part of a large collaborative effort between the CEA-INAC, CEA-LETI and CNRS-Institut Néel to develop and push the technology of spin qubit in silicon and investigate its potential scalability. In particular, the applicant will benefit from the collaboration with ATOS on large scale architecture with spin qubit systems with possibilities of co-supervision of CNRS and ATOS to tackle this ambitious program.

**Skills and training:** The experimental project relies on the knowledge accumulated in the field of few-electron quantum dots and its new implementation in Si devices. All along this project, the candidate will acquire important skills in the field of condensed matter physics: nanofabrication, cryogenics at mK, low-noise electronics, computer control...

**Foreseen start for the beginning of the internship:** From January to April 2020

*Possibility of continuation as a PhD on the same subject with funding already secured.*

**Contacts:** Matias Urdampilleta et Tristan Meunier  
Institut Néel/ CNRS- Université Joseph Fourier

[Matias.urdampilleta@neel.cnrs.fr](mailto:Matias.urdampilleta@neel.cnrs.fr)

[Tristan.meunier@neel.cnrs.fr](mailto:Tristan.meunier@neel.cnrs.fr)

plus d'information sur : <http://neel.cnrs.fr>